

2016

( 3rd Semester )

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Paper No. : POL-301

( Indian Government and Politics )

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 45 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. "The framers of the Constitution borrowed from the experience of other countries but at the same time maintained a secular sovereign character in the Constitution." Explain this statement with reference to the sources of the Constitution with an emphasis on the ideological basis of the Constitution. 9

Or

"Indian Constitution is a good and workable Constitution." Explain its basic features.

2. Preamble

2. Preamble is described as a yardstick with which the whole Constitution is measured, a 'touchstone' by which we decide whether a Constitution is good or not. Explain the principles and objectives enshrined in the Preamble of the Indian Constitution. 9

Or

Discuss various categories of Fundamental Rights.

3. Describe the powers and function of the Indian Parliament. Discuss briefly the relation between the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha. 7+2=9

Or

Discuss the powers and position of the President of India. 9

4. Explain the powers and position of the Chief Minister in relation to the Governor, Council of Ministers and Legislative Assembly. 9

Or

Describe the powers and function of the State Legislature. 9

5. Enumerate the powers and jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India. 9

Or

Describe the powers and function of the High Courts in India.

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**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

Paper No. : POL-301

**( Indian Government and Politics )****( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )****( Marks : 25 )***The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions***Answer all questions**

**A. Choose the correct answer by putting a Tick (✓) mark in the brackets provided : 1×10=10**

1. The elections to the Constituent Assembly were held in July

(a) 1946 ( )

(b) 1947 ( )

(c) 1948 ( )

(d) 1950 ( )

2. India's parliamentary system of government is based on
- (a) American parliamentary system ( )
  - (b) British parliamentary system ( )
  - (c) French parliamentary system ( )
  - (d) South African parliamentary system ( )
3. The words 'socialist secular' in the Preamble were included in the
- (a) Forty-second Amendment Act, 1976 ( )
  - (b) Forty-third Amendment Act, 1977 ( )
  - (c) Forty-fourth Amendment Act, 1978 ( )
  - (d) Forty-fifth Amendment Act, 1979 ( )
4. Right to Freedom is found in the Articles \_\_\_\_ of the Constitution.
- (a) 14 to 18 ( )
  - (b) 19 to 22 ( )
  - (c) 22 to 24 ( )
  - (d) 25 to 28 ( )

5. Directive Principles of State Policy are enshrined in \_\_\_\_\_ of the Constitution.

(a) Part III ( )

(b) Part IV ( )

(c) Part V ( )

(d) Part VI ( )

6. The \_\_\_\_\_ is the ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha.

(a) President ( )

(b) Vice President ( )

(c) Prime Minister ( )

(d) Comptroller-General ( )

7. The Lok Sabha unless dissolved continues to operate for

(a) four years ( )

(b) five years ( )

(c) six years ( )

(d) four and half years ( )

8. The President can declare national emergency under the provision of \_\_\_\_\_ of the Constitution.

(a) Article 351 ( )

(b) Article 352 ( )

(c) Article 353 ( )

(d) Article 354 ( )

9. To be selected to the Legislative Assembly, a person must be

(a) more than 25 years of age ( )

(b) more than 28 years of age ( )

(c) more than 30 years of age ( )

(d) more than 35 years of age ( )

10. The judges of the Supreme Court are appointed for life and hold office till they attain the age of

(a) sixty-two years ( )

(b) sixty-three years ( )

(c) sixty-five years ( )

(d) sixty-four years ( )

B. Write short notes on the following :

5×2=10

1. Directive Principles of State Policy

Or

Special Powers of the Rajya Sabha

2. Judicial Review

Or

Emergency Power of the President

2. **Judicial Review**

*Or*

**Emergency Power of the Governor**



C. State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. Directive Principles of State Policy are derived from South African Constitution.

( T / F )

2. Right to Property is justiciable.

( T / F )

3. To be a member of the Lok Sabha, a person should not be less than 35 years of age.

( T / F )

4. A Money Bill can be introduced only in the Lok Sabha.

( T / F )

5. While transferring the judges of the High Courts, the President is not bound to take the consent of the Chief Justice of India.

( T / F )

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