

2016

( 1st Semester )

EDUCATION

Paper No. : EDN-101

( **Psychological Bases of Education** )

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 45 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

1. What is educational psychology? Discuss its nature and scope. 3+3+3=9

Or

Explain the experimental method of studying human behaviour. What are its limitations?

6+3=9

2. What do you understand by the term 'growth' and 'development'? State the principles of development. 4+5=9

Or

Enumerate and explain the important characteristics of adolescence. 9

3. Explain the meaning and characteristics of creativity. 4+5=9

Or

Define intelligence. Explain Spearman's theory of intelligence. 2+7=9

4. Write the meaning and definition of learning. What are the various factors affecting learning? 4+5=9

Or

Explain in brief, Gestalt theory of insightful learning and mention its educational implications. 6+3=9

5. Define personality. Explain the role of home and school in determining the personality development. 3+6=9

Or

Elucidate trait approach adopted by R. B. Cattell. 9

\*\*\*

**2 0 1 6**

( 1st Semester )

**EDUCATION**

Paper No. : EDN-101

**( Psychological Bases of Education )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—I**

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the appropriate response from the choices given below in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. The definition that Psychology is the science of behaviour was given by

(a) J. B. Watson ( )

(b) Pavlov ( )

(c) Freud ( )

(d) Pestalozzi ( )

2. Who propounded the theory of psychoanalysis?

(a) Watson ( )

(b) Pavlov ( )

(c) Freud ( )

(d) Binet ( )

3. Creativity refers to

(a) originality ( )

(b) conservativeness ( )

(c) timidity ( )

(d) flexibility ( )

4. Daydreaming is a common happening in

(a) infancy ( )

(b) childhood ( )

(c) adulthood ( )

(d) adolescence ( )

5. Personality means

- (a) physical appearance ( )
- (b) emotional qualities ( )
- (c) everything about an individual ( )
- (d) sense of dressing ( )

6. The word 'gestalt' means

- (a) organized whole ( )
- (b) a part ( )
- (c) look into ( )
- (d) perception ( )

7. Jung classified human being into

- (a) choleric and melancholic ( )
- (b) pyknic and athletic ( )
- (c) extrovert and introvert ( )
- (d) endomorphic and mesomorphic ( )

8. The other name used for clinical method is

- (a) case study method ( )
- (b) experimental method ( )
- (c) differential method ( )
- (d) introspection method ( )

9. The highly creative need not necessarily be a person of high

- (a) talent ( )
- (b) skill ( )
- (c) idea ( )
- (d) intelligence ( )

10. Freud constructed a model of personality into

- (a) 3 parts ( )
- (b) 4 parts ( )
- (c) 5 parts ( )
- (d) 6 parts ( )

( 5 )

SECTION—II

( Marks : 15 )

Write short notes on any *five* of the following : 3×5=15

1. Concept of Psychology

2. Interest



3. Intelligence

4. Characteristic of an introvert personality

5. Nature of learning

•

6. Concept of IQ

7. Trial and error

\*\*\*