

2015

(3rd Semester)

EDUCATION

Paper No. : EDN-301

(**Development of Education in India**)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 45%

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 45)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Explain the general practices of education in the Vedic period. 9

Or

Discuss the salient features of Buddhist education.

2. Explain the salient features and objectives of Islamic education. 4+5=9

Or

Discuss the state patronage in education during the medieval period. 9

3. How did the Christian Missionaries contribute to the development of education in India? 9

Or

Explain why the Charter Act of 1813 is known as the turning point in the history of Indian education.

4. How has Lord Macaulay contributed to the regeneration of the Indian people? 9

Or

"Wood's Despatch is the Magna Carta of Indian education." Examine the statement.

5. What were the circumstances that led to the appointment of Calcutta University Commission in 1917? Discuss its recommendations. 3+6=9

Or

Discuss the reasons for the failure of basic education. 9

2015

(3rd Semester)

EDUCATION

Paper No. : EDN-301

(Development of Education in India)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions***SECTION—I**

(Marks : 10)

A. Tick (✓) the appropriate response from the choices given below : 1×5=5

1. The initiation ceremony performed during admission in the Vedic age is

(a) Upanayana ()

(b) Pabbaja ()

(c) Samavardhana ()

(d) Bismillah ()

2. The Nalanda University was famous during the
- (a) post-Vedic period ()
 - (b) Buddhist period ()
 - (c) Muslim period ()
 - (d) British period ()
3. The medium of instruction for Islamic education was
- (a) Persian ()
 - (b) Arabic ()
 - (c) Urdu ()
 - (d) Hindi ()
4. Hunter's Commission was appointed on 3rd February
- (a) 1882 ()
 - (b) 1854 ()
 - (c) 1889 ()
 - (d) 1813 ()
5. The Calcutta University Education Commission was appointed in the year
- (a) 1902 ()
 - (b) 1917 ()
 - (c) 1929 ()
 - (d) 1952 ()

B. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words in the following : 1×5=5

1. Buddhist education was provided in the centres which were called

2. The Muslim institution for higher education was known as

3. The chief aim of Missionary education in India was

4. The Chairman of the Calcutta University Commission was

5. The first Indian to ask for Western education was

SECTION—II

(Marks : 15)

C. Write short notes on any *five* of the following : $3 \times 5 = 15$

1. Duty of students during the Buddhist period

2. Types of educational institutions during the Muslim period

3. Women education during the Muslim period

4. Importance of the Charter Act of 1813

[Blank]

2. Write a short note on the importance of the Charter Act of 1813.

2. Types of international organisations during the 19th century

5. Two recommendations of Wood's Despatch

6. Two arguments of Macaulay in favour of English

7. Features of basic education

Date: _____

Name of the Candidate: _____

BC / BA / BBA / BVA
Semester: 2nd Term
Year: 2015

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. You have 150 marks available in the present set of questions. Answer any 10 questions out of the 15 questions.

2. Write in ANSWERS column in the space provided for each question.

3. Answering the questions of this set requires a knowledge of the following facts: (a) The population of India is 100 crore. (b) The area of India is 3287273 sq. km. (c) The length of the Indian coast is 7516 km. (d) The total area of the Indian land is 2973147 sq. km. (e) The total area of the Indian water is 314126 sq. km.

Name of the Candidate: _____

BC / BA / BBA / BVA
Semester: 2nd Term
Year: 2015
